REMARKS

The pending application is finally rejected. Entry of the amendments set forth above and

reconsideration of the application is proper because the amendments set forth above place the

claims in a condition for allowance or, at a minimum, place the application in a better form for

appeal.

Claims 1, 3-8, 11-22, 24-26, and 28-38 are pending and active in the application. By

amendment above, Claim 1 has been amended to recite that in step (b) the recessed

microstructures are at least partially filled during the first period of time. Claim 1 has also been

amended to recite that the second time period is greater than or equal to ten seconds. Claim 1

has also been amended to replace the term "ameliorate" with the term limit in step (c). Claim 6

has been canceled in view of the amendment to Claim 1. Claim 7 has been amended to change

its dependence from Claim 6 to Claim 3 in view of the cancellation of Claim 6.

Claims 24, 25, 26, and 28 have been amended in a manner similar to that described above

regarding Claim 1.

Support for the "at least partially" amendment to Claims 1, 24, 25, 26, and 28 is provided

by the specification at page 15, line 14. Support for the amendment regarding "ten" seconds is

provided by the specification at page 14, line 32. Support for the amendment regarding changing

the term "ameliorate" to "limit" is provided by the specification at page 13, line 33.

Claims 1, 3-8, 11-15, 22, 24-26, 28-31, and 33-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a),

as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,972,192, to Dubin et al. in view of U.S. Patent

No. 6,245,676, to Ueno. For the following reasons, applicants respectfully traverse this

rejection.

To establish a *prima facie* obviousness of a claimed invention, it is well understood that

all claim limitations must be taught or suggested by the prior art. For the following reasons,

-10-

LAW OFFICES OF CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR JOHNSON KINDNESSPLLC 1420 Fifth Avenue

Suite 2800 Seattle, Washington 98101

206.682.8100

applicants assert that the combination of Dubin et al. in view of Ueno does not disclose or

suggest each of the limitations of independent Claims 1, 24, 25, 26, and 28 for the following

reasons.

Independent Claim 1 and independent Claim 24 each recite the use of reverse

electroplating power during a second period of time to <u>limit</u> deposition of (1) an overburden of

metal ions (Claim 1) or (2) further metal ions (Claim 24) over the at least partially filled recessed

microstructures. Thus, the process of independent Claims 1 and 24 limit deposition of metal ions

that leads to the development of an overburden of metal over recessed microstructures. See

specification at page 8, lines 34 and 35.

Ueno is relied upon in the Examiner's Action to provide teaching that is missing from

Dubin et al., namely the limitation that was added in the prior response relating to the second

time period being greater than or equal to five seconds. When the combined teachings of Dubin

et al. and Ueno are considered, they do not teach the limitation regarding limiting the deposition

of an overburden or limiting the deposition of further metal ions over the at least partially filled

recessed microstructures.

As noted in Ueno at Col. 8, lines 25-32, referring to Figures 1A-C and 2A, after

trenches 14-1 to 14-n are filled, plating continues in order to purposefully produce an overburden

above the filled trenches 14-1 through 14-n. According to Ueno, the formation of this

overburden is desirable to avoid the undesirable dishing of the surface of the interlayer insulating

film 12 illustrated in Figure 10 and described at Col. 3, lines 31-44. Thus, Ueno teaches that it is

desirable, not undesirable, to form an overburden over recessed microstructures. Ueno does not

teach or suggest a process for depositing metal structures on a surface of a workpiece wherein

steps are taken to limit the deposition of an overburden of metal ions over recessed

microstructures.

LAW OFFICES OF CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR JOHNSON KINDNESSPILE 1420 Fifth Avenue

Suite 2800 Seattle, Washington 98101

206.682.8100

Accordingly, applicants assert that the subject matter of independent Claim 1 and independent Claim 24 and the claims that depend therefrom are nonobvious over Dubin et al. in

view of Ueno.

Independent Claims 25 and 26 recite that reverse plating power pulses during a second

time period are used to limit the deposition of further metal ions over recessed microstructures.

As discussed above with respect to independent Claim 1 and independent Claim 24, the

combination of Dubin et al. and Ueno does not teach or suggest a process for depositing a metal

structure on a surface of a workpiece that employs reverse plating power pulses during a second

time period to limit the deposition of metal ions over recessed microstructures. The combination

of Dubin et al. and Ueno teach just the opposite, by encouraging the formation of an overburden

of metal through the deposition of further metal ions over the recessed microstructures. For

these foregoing reasons, the subject matter of independent Claims 25 and 26 and the claims

dependent therefrom is novel and nonobvious over the combination of Dubin et al. and Ueno.

Independent Claim 28 recites a controller that controls a power supply during a second

time period to supply a level of reverse electroplating power to limit the deposition of further

metal ions over recessed microstructures that have been at least partially filled. For the reasons

given above with respect to Claims 1, 24, 25, and 26, the combination of Dubin et al. and Ueno

does not teach an electroplating apparatus that includes a controller for controlling a power

supply in this manner. Accordingly, the subject matter of independent Claim 28 and the claims

dependent therefrom is novel and nonobvious over the combination of Dubin et al. in view of

Ueno.

For the foregoing reasons, the subject matter of the pending claims is novel and

nonobvious over the applied references. Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the

outstanding rejections and allowance of the application. If the reviewing party has any questions

LAW OFFICES OF CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR JOHNSON KINDNESSPALE 1420 Fifth Avenue

Suite 2800 Seattle, Washington 98101 206.682.8100

-12-

regarding the above, he is invited to call applicants' attorney at the number listed below so that any outstanding issues can be resolved in a timely and efficient manner.

Respectfully submitted,

CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR

JOHNSON KINDNESSPLLC

Jeffrey M. Sakoi

Registration No. 32,059

Direct Dial No. 206.695.1713

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service in a sealed envelope as first-class mail with postage thereon fully prepaid and addressed to Mail Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on the below date.

Date:

July 13, 2006

Selavi I rehitrey

JMS:pww